Year Two Writing Expectations

Working Towards	Working At	Working at Greater Depth		
I can write sentences that are sequenced to form a short narrative.	I can write simple sentences about myself and others, and simple stories. (Simple sentences have a subject (noun) and a verb.)	I can write effectively and clearly for different purposes, using a range of exciting word choices and correct grammar.		
I can sometimes use a full stop and capital letter correctly.	I can often use capital letters and full stops correctly.	I can punctuate my writing correctly using capital letters, full-stops, apostrophes, commas, question marks and some exclamation marks.		
I can use my phonics to help me spell words.	I can use past tense correctly.	I can spell most common exception words.		
I can spell some common exception words.	I can use co-ordinating conjunctions (<i>e.g. and / or / but</i>).	I can add suffixes to spell most words correctly (e.g. –ment, –ness, –ful,–less, –ly)		
I can form the shapes of my letters correctly.	I can use subordinating conjunctions (<i>e.g. when / because / if</i>).	I usually use neat, joined up handwriting.		
My lower case letters are the same size compared to each other.	I can use my phonics to help me spell most words correctly.	I can edit my work to improve it.		
	I can sometimes use a question mark correctly.			
	I can leave correctly sized finger spaces between my words.			

Year Two Reading Expectations

Working Towards		Working At		Working at Greater Depth	
read accurately by blending the so	ounds in	The pupil can read accurately most words of two or more syllables		The pupil can make inferences on the basis of what is said and done.	
for all 40+ phonemes	raphemes				
read accurately some words of tw	o or more	The pupil can read most words containing common suffixes		The pupil can predict what might happen	
syllables that contain the same gr	apheme-			on the basis of what has been read so far	
	,	The numil can read most common	The pupil can make links between the book		
read many common exception words		exception words.		they are reading and other books they have read	
read aloud many words quickly a	nd	The pupil can read words accurately and			
accurately without overt sounding	g and	fluently without overt sounding and			
blending		blending			
Sound out many unfamiliar words The pupil can sound out most unfamiliar words accurately, without undue besitation		amiliar			
In discussion with the teacher - a	nswer	words accuratery, without undue			
questions and make inferences on the basis		The pupil can check it makes sense to			
of what is being said and done in	a familiar	them			
book that is read to them.					
		The pupil can answer questions and make			
		some inferences on the basis of what is			
		being said and done.			
Year Two Maths Expectations					
Working Towards	Working At		Working at Greater Depth		

Year 2 SATs Meeting 2022		
read and write numbers in numerals up to 100	read scales in divisions of ones, twos, fives and tens The scale can be in the form of a number line, a practical situation or a graph axis.	Read scales where not all numbers on the scale are given and estimate points in between. The scale can be in the form of a number line, a practical situation or a graph axis.
partition a two-digit number into tens and ones to demonstrate an understanding of place value, though they may use structured resources to support them	partition any two-digit number into different combinations of tens and ones, explaining their thinking verbally, in pictures or using apparatus	recall and use multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 and make deductions outside known multiplication facts
add and subtract two-digit numbers and ones, and two-digit numbers and tens, where no regrouping is required, explaining their method verbally, in pictures or using apparatus (e.g. 23 + 5) Key number bonds to 10 are: 0+10, 1 + 9, 2 + 8, 3 + 7, 4 + 6, 5 + 5.	add and subtract any 2 two-digit numbers using an efficient strategy, explaining their method verbally, in pictures or using apparatus (e.g. 48 + 35; 72 – 17)	Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking (e.g. 29 + 17 = 15 + 4 + 2; 'together Jack and Sam have £14. Jack has £2 more than Sam. How much money does Sam have? Etc.)
recall at least four of the six number bonds for 10 and reason about associated facts (e.g. $6 + 4 = 10$, therefore $4 + 6 = 10$ and 10 - 6 = 4)	recall all number bonds to and within 10 and use these to reason with and calculate bonds to and within 20, recognising other associated additive relationships (e.g. If 7 + 3 = 10, then 17 + 3 = 20; if 7 - 3 = 4, then $17 - 3 = 14$; leading to if $14 + 3=17, then 3 + 14 = 17, 17 - 14 = 3 and 17 - 3 = 14)$	Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step (e.g. 'which has the most biscuits, 4 packets of biscuits with 5 in each packet or 3 packets of biscuits with 10 in each packet?')
count in twos, fives and tens from 0 and use this to solve problems	recall multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 and use them to solve simple problems, demonstrating an understanding of commutativity as necessary	read the time on a clock to the nearest 5 minutes
know the value of different coins	identify 1/4, 1/3 , 1/2 , 2/4, 3/4, of a number or shape, and know that all parts must be equal parts of the whole	Describe similarities and differences of 2-D and 3-D shapes, using their properties (e.g. that two different 2-D shapes both have only one line of symmetry; that a cube and a cuboid have the same number of edges, faces and vertices, but different dimensions).
name some common 2-D and 3-D shapes from a group of shapes or from pictures of the shapes and describe some of their properties (e.g. triangles, rectangles, squares, circles, cuboids, cubes, pyramids and spheres)	use different coins to make the same amount	
	read the time on a clock to the nearest 15 minutes	
	name and describe properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes, including number of sides, vertices, edges, faces and lines of symmetry	